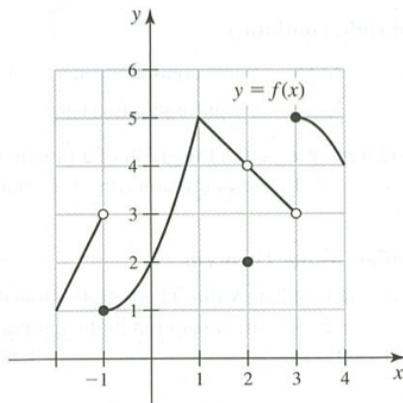


Name: _____

Exam 1 - Math 105C

Show all your work to receive full credit for a problem. There are a total of 72 points on this test.

1. (7 points) The graph of a function f is given below. Use the graph to determine the values of x in the interval $(-2, 4)$ at which f is not continuous. Justify your answers using the language of limits (that is, I don't want you to just make references to the picture).

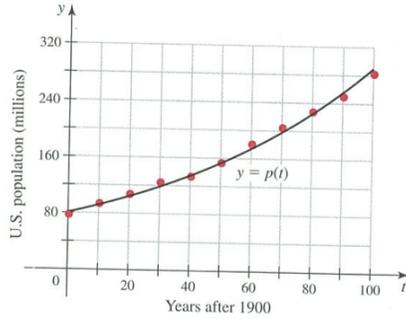


2. (6 points) The following limit is a derivative, but of what function f and at what point?

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{4(2+h)^3 - 4(2)^3}{h}$$

3. (4 points each, 12 points total) The population of the United States (in millions) by decade is given in the table below, where t denotes the number of years after 1900. These data are plotted and fitted with a smooth curve $y = p(t)$ in the figure.

| Year | 1940 | 1950 | 1960 | 1970 | 1980 | 1990 | 2000 | 2010 |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| t | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 100 | 110 |
| $p(t)$ | 132.16 | 152.32 | 179.32 | 203.30 | 226.54 | 248.71 | 281.42 | 308.94 |



- (a) Compute the average rate of population growth from 1950 to 1960.
- (b) Explain why the average rate of growth from 1950 to 1960 is a good approximation to the (instantaneous) rate of growth in 1955.
- (c) Estimate the instantaneous rate of growth in 1985.

4. (3 pts each, 18 pts total) Are the following statements true or false? If a statement is true, give a brief explanation or an example illustrating it. If a statement is false, give a counterexample.

(a) If the tangent line to the graph of $y = f(x)$ is horizontal at $x = c$, then $f'(c) = 0$.

(b) If $f'(x) = g'(x)$ for all x , then $f(x) = g(x)$ for all x .

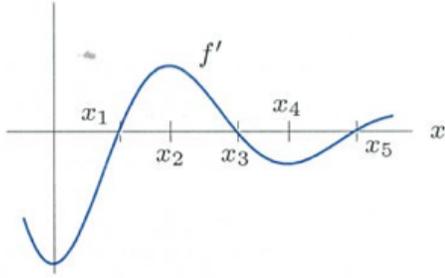
(c) If $f'(c) = 0$ then c has to be either a local maximum or a local minimum of $f(x)$.

(d) If f is continuous at c , then f is differentiable at c .

(e) If the acceleration of an object is negative, then its velocity is decreasing.

(f) The equation of the line tangent to the graph of $y = x^3$ at $(1, 1)$ is $y - 1 = 3x^2(x - 1)$.

5. (3 pts each, 15 pts total) Below is the graph of f' , the derivative of a function f . At which of the points $0, x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5$, is the function f (justify all of your answers):



(a) At a local maximum value?

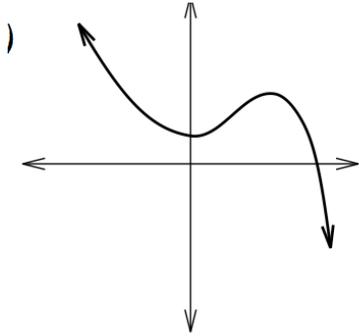
(b) At a local minimum value?

(c) At an inflection point?

(d) Increasing the fastest?

(e) Decreasing the most?

6. (7 pts each, 14 pts total) Below is the graph of a function g .



(a) Draw a graph of $g'(x)$, the derivative of $g(x)$.

(b) Draw a graph of $G(x)$, an antiderivative of $g(x)$.