

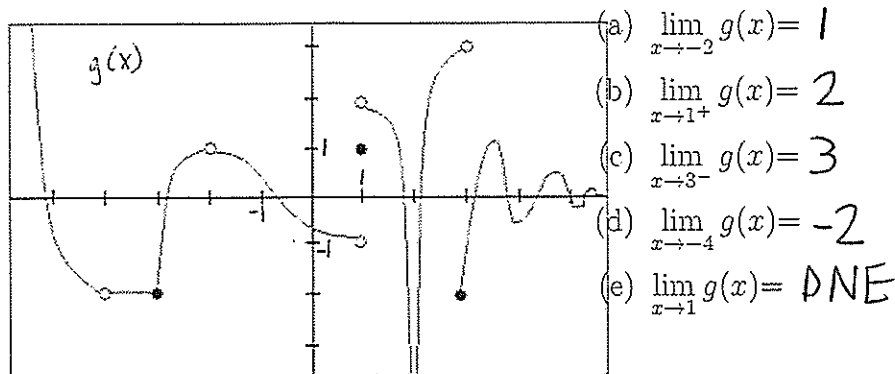
Math 105 Quiz 3

§2.1-§2.3.

Name: *Key*

Show all work for credit. As discussed in class, please re-write any negative or fractional exponents appropriately.

1. Determine the following limits using the graph of  $g(x)$ .



2. Find the derivative of  $f(x) = \frac{2}{x+3}$  using the limit definition of the derivative.

$$f'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{2}{x+h+3} - \frac{2}{x+3}}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{2(x+3) - 2(x+h+3)}{(x+h+3)(x+3)}}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{2(x+3) - 2(x+h+3)}{(x+h+3)(x+3)h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{2x+6-2x-2h-6}{(x+h+3)(x+3)h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-2h}{(x+h+3)(x+3)h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-2}{(x+h+3)(x+3)} = \frac{-2}{(x+3)^2}$$

3. Use the sum/difference, constant multiple, and power rules to evaluate the following.

(a)  $f(x) = 2\sqrt[5]{x^2} + \frac{2}{5x^2} - \frac{x}{4} + x^{3/5}$ . Find  $f'(x)$ .

$$f(x) = 2x^{2/5} + \frac{2}{5}x^{-2} - \frac{1}{4}x + x^{3/5}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{4}{5}x^{-3/5} - \frac{4}{5}x^{-3} - \frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{5}x^{-2/5} = \frac{4}{5\sqrt[5]{x^3}} - \frac{4}{5x^3} - \frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{5\sqrt[5]{x^2}}$$

- (b) Find the equation of the tangent line at  $x = 4$  for  $f(x) = 3x^2 + 4x - 1$ .

$$f'(x) = 6x + 4$$

$$f(4) = 3(4)^2 + 4(4) - 1$$

$$f'(4) = 28$$

$$= 48 + 16 - 1 = 63$$

$$y - 63 = 28(x - 4)$$

$$y = 28x - 49$$